



Hazardous Waste Disposal

UNCONTAMINATED ANIMAL / TISSUE

Uncontaminated animal / tissue material includes uncontaminated animal carcasses/parts/tissues as well as uncontaminated fungi and parasites. It does **not** include preserved animal specimens (formalin, formaldehyde, alcohol, etc).

HOW TO DISPOSE

- Do not autoclave
- Remove any catheters, tubing, clips and tags before packaging
- Wrap in black bags and bulk package into larger durable black bags (double bag).
- Store in freezer for pickup
- Place black bag in the 20 litre red buckets supplied by HSE prior to pickup
- Affix Biological Waste Tag (available from HSE) and check box labelled *Uncontaminated animal / tissue*
- Register your waste as “Other Waste” through the Hazardous Waste Inventory System (HWIS)
- Prior to pick up please ensure:
 1. exterior of container/bag is not be contaminated
 2. tag is complete

INFOGRAPHICS

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Procedure for uncontaminated animal / tissue waste

This is a guide to help you determine how to safely dispose of your hazardous waste. If you have questions, contact HSE.

1 What is it?

Uncontaminated animal carcasses/parts/tissues, as well as uncontaminated fungi, insects and parasites.

This does not include preserved (formalin, formaldehyde, alcohol, etc) specimens



2 Prepare for pick-up

This waste does not need to be autoclaved.

1. Remove any catheters, tubing, clips, tags
2. Double bag waste in durable black bags and store in freezer for pick up or;
3. Collect bags in red biohazard buckets and freeze with bucket

Ensure there is no exterior contamination or leaks.



3 Request Pick-up

Request pick-up through the [HWIS](#).

- Prepare biological waste tag:
 - generator name
 - P.I.
 - room number
 - check 'uncontaminated animal / tissue'



BIOLOGICAL WASTE DISPOSAL
The University of British Columbia Health, Safety & Environment

GENERATOR TO COMPLETE THIS SECTION ONLY		GENERATOR: <u>John Doe</u>
		PHONE NUMBER: <u>604-822-5222</u>
WASTE CONTENT (Please ✓)		
UNREGULATED BIOHAZARD <small>Low risk biological material that can be handled, stored, or disposed of in a regular manner.</small>		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Uncontaminated animal / tissue (see legend)	<input type="checkbox"/> Full Res. (uncontaminated)	
REGULATED BIOHAZARD <small>Mission - also see additional material that must be contained or destroyed.</small>		
<input type="checkbox"/> Contaminated animal / tissue (see legend)	<input type="checkbox"/> Autoclaved Risk Group 1	
<input type="checkbox"/> Animal tissue	<input type="checkbox"/> Autoclaved Risk Group 2	
<input type="checkbox"/> Blood & Body Fluids*	<input type="checkbox"/> Other insects (see legend)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Other**	<input type="checkbox"/> Other***	
<small>HWIS#: *Human or Animal **High Infectivity, Highly infectious, infectious agents, spores of Bacillus anthracis ***Contact Health, Safety & Environment</small>		
BSC Use only: Weight _____ kg Date _____		
<small>UBC logo</small>		<small>Health, Safety & Environment BIOHAZARD May 2013</small>

4 Red Biohazard Buckets

On day of pick up:

1. Move frozen waste into red biohazard buckets (if not already stored in one) and place in appropriate area for pick up.



5 What happens after pick-up?

After pick-up, HSE consolidates the waste from each waste stream. Uncontaminated animals are cremated.

- To prevent undue harm to HSE and others, you must segregate and bag your wastes properly



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Still have questions?

Contact Health, Safety and Environment



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